

### CLASSIFICATION OF PROGRAM

**Program Name:** Primary Phonics

**Date of Publication:** 2001

**Publisher:** Educators Publishing Service

The program targets instruction on the following essential components:

- Phonemic Awareness
- Phonics
- Fluency
- Vocabulary
- Comprehension

This program is being evaluated by the following:

- Multiple Grade:  
(One program rating will be assigned for each relevant item)
- Grade Specific:  
(A separate analysis will be completed for each grade)

The program targets instruction for the following grades:

- Kindergarten
- 1st Grade
- 2nd Grade
- 3rd Grade

Type of Program:

- Supplemental
- Intervention

	Kindergarten	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade
Phonemic Awareness				
Phonics	32%	32%	32%	
Fluency				

### Phonics Decoding

Rating	Criterion	Grade			
		K	1	2	3
<input type="radio"/>	1. Introduces high-utility letter sound instruction early in the sequence (e.g., /m/, /s/, /a/, /r/, /t/) instead of low-utility letter sounds (e.g., /x/, /y/, /z/). (ss)	×	×		
<input type="radio"/>	2. Sequences the introduction of letter sounds, letter combinations, and word parts in combinations, and word parts in ways that minimize confusion. (ss)	×	×	×	
<input checked="" type="radio"/>	3. Incorporates frequent and cumulative review of taught letter sounds to increase automaticity. (st)	×	×		
<input type="radio"/>	4. Models instruction at each of the fundamental stages (e.g., letter-sound correspondences, letter combinations, prefixes, word endings, blendings, reading whole words). (w) and (ss)	×	×	×	
<input checked="" type="radio"/>	5. Introduces regular words for which students know all the letter sounds. (ss)	×	×	×	
<input checked="" type="radio"/>	6. Progresses systematically from simple word types (e.g., consonant-vowel-consonant) and word lengths (e.g., number of phonemes) and word complexity (e.g. phonemes in the word, position of blends, stop sounds) to more complex words. [NRP, pg. 2-132] (ss)	×	×	×	
<input checked="" type="radio"/>	7. Incorporates spelling to reinforce word analysis. After students can read words, provides explicit instruction in spelling, showing students how to map the sounds of letters on to print. (w) and (ss)			×	×
<input checked="" type="radio"/>	8. Provides teacher-guided practice in controlled word lists and connected text in which students can apply their newly learned skills successfully. (w)			×	×
<input checked="" type="radio"/>	9. Begins instruction in word families, word patterns, and larger orthographic units after students have learned the letter-sound correspondence in the unit. [NRP, pg. 2-13] (ss)			×	×
<input type="radio"/>	10. Teaches students to process larger, highly represented patterns to increase fluency in word recognition. (w)			×	×
<input checked="" type="radio"/>	11. Teaches advanced phonic-analysis skills explicitly, first in isolation, then in words and connected text and utilizes other program materials (e.g., trade books, anthologies) when students are proficient. [NRP pg. 2-132] (w) and (ss)				×
<input type="radio"/>	12. Teaches explicit strategy to read multi syllabic words by using prefixes, suffixes, and known word parts (w).				×

### Phonics Irregular Words

Rating	Criterion	Grade			
		K	1	2	3
<input checked="" type="radio"/>	1. Select words that have high utility; that is, words that are used frequently in grade-appropriate literature and informational text. (ss)	X	X	X	
<input checked="" type="radio"/>	2. Controls the number of irregular words introduced at one time. (w)	X	X	X	
<input type="radio"/> +	3. Separates highly similar words for initial instruction (e.g. was/saw). (ss)	X	X	X	
<input type="radio"/>	4. Points out irregularities and provides a strategy for reading irregular words using letters or parts of the words. (w)	X	X	X	
<input type="radio"/>	5. Pre teaches sight words and incorporates them into connected text. (w)	X	X	X	
<input checked="" type="radio"/>	6. Provides ample practice and cumulative review of important high-frequency sight words. (st)	X	X	X	

Tally the number of elements with each rating.

$$\frac{\quad}{(2 \text{ pts})} \bullet + \frac{\quad}{(1.5 \text{ pts})} \circ + \frac{10}{(1 \text{ pts})} \bullet + \frac{3}{(.5 \text{ pts})} \circ + \frac{5}{(0 \text{ pts})} \circ$$

Total Points/Total Possible Points

$$\frac{11.5}{36} = 32\%$$