

CLASSIFICATION OF PROGRAM

Program Name: Lexia Strategies for Older Students (S.O.S.)

Date of Publication: 2003

Publisher: Lexia Learning Systems

The program targets instruction on the following essential components:

- Phonemic Awareness
- Phonics
- Fluency
- Vocabulary
- Comprehension

This program is being evaluated by the following:

- Multiple Grade:
(One program rating will be assigned for each relevant item)
- Grade Specific:
(A separate analysis will be completed for each grade)

The program targets instruction for the following grades:

- Kindergarten
- 1st Grade
- 2nd Grade
- 3rd Grade

Type of Program:

- Supplemental
- Intervention

	Kindergarten	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade
Phonemic Awareness				
Phonics				46%
Fluency				47%

Phonics Decoding

Rating	Criterion	Grade			
		K	1	2	3
<input type="radio"/> +	2. Sequences the introduction of letter sounds, letter combinations, and word parts in combinations, and word parts in ways that minimize confusion. (ss)				×
<input checked="" type="radio"/>	4. Models instruction at each of the fundamental stages (e.g., letter-sound correspondences, letter combinations, prefixes, word endings, blendings, reading whole words). (w) and (ss)				×
<input type="radio"/> +	5. Introduces regular words for which students know all the letter sounds. (ss)				×
<input checked="" type="radio"/> +	6. Progresses systematically from simple word types (e.g., consonant-vowel-consonant) and word lengths (e.g., number of phonemes) and word complexity (e.g. phonemes in the word, position of blends, stop sounds) to more complex words. [NRP, pg. 2-132] (ss)				×
<input type="radio"/> +	7. Incorporates spelling to reinforce word analysis. After students can read words, provides explicit instruction in spelling, showing students how to map the sounds of letters on to print. (w) and (ss)				×
<input checked="" type="radio"/> +	8. Provides teacher-guided practice in controlled word lists and connected text in which students can apply their newly learned skills successfully. (w)				×
<input checked="" type="radio"/> +	9. Begins instruction in word families, word patterns, and larger orthographic units after students have learned the letter-sound correspondence in the unit. [NRP, pg. 2-13] (ss)				×
<input checked="" type="radio"/> +	10. Teaches students to process larger, highly represented patterns to increase fluency in word recognition. (w)				×
<input type="radio"/> +	11. Teaches advanced phonic-analysis skills explicitly, first in isolation, then in words and connected text and utilizes other program materials (e.g., trade books, anthologies) when students are proficient. [NRP pg. 2-132] (w) and (ss)				×
<input type="radio"/>	12. Teaches explicit strategy to read multi syllabic words by using prefixes, suffixes, and known word parts (w).				×
<input checked="" type="radio"/> +	13. Uses structural analysis judiciously to support word recognition strategies. (ss)				×

Phonics Irregular Words

Rating	Criterion	Grade			
		K	1	2	3
<input checked="" type="radio"/>	1. Select words that have high utility; that is, words that are used frequently in grade-appropriate literature and informational text. (ss)				×

<input checked="" type="radio"/> +	2. Controls the number of irregular words introduced at one time. (w)	×
<input type="radio"/>	3. Separates highly similar words for initial instruction (e.g. was/saw). (ss)	×
<input type="radio"/>	4. Points out irregularities and provides a strategy for reading irregular words using letters or parts of the words. (w)	×
<input checked="" type="radio"/> +	5. Pre teaches sight words and incorporates them into connected text. (w)	×
<input type="radio"/>	6. Provides ample practice and cumulative review of important high-frequency sight words. (st)	×

Tally the number of elements with each rating.

$$\frac{1}{(2 \text{ pts})} \bullet \quad \frac{7}{(1.5 \text{ pts})} \ominus^+ \quad \frac{1}{(1 \text{ pts})} \bullet \quad \frac{4}{(.5 \text{ pts})} \circ^+ \quad \frac{4}{(0 \text{ pts})} \circ$$

Total Points/Total Possible Points

$$\frac{15.5}{34} = 46\%$$

Text Reading and Fluency

Rating	Criterion	Grade			
		K	1	2	3
<input checked="" type="radio"/> +	1. Provides fluency practices at the word level. (w)				X
<input type="radio"/> +	3. Teaches explicit strategy to permit readers to move from reading words in lists to reading words in sentences and passages. (w)				X
<input checked="" type="radio"/> +	5. Passages contain regular words comprised of letter-sounds, phonic elements, and word types that have been taught. (w) and (ss)				X
<input checked="" type="radio"/> +	6. Passages contain high-frequency irregular words that have been previously taught. (w) and (ss)				X
<input type="radio"/>	7. Introduces fluency practice (e.g., repeated reading) after students read words in passages accurately. [NRP, pg. 3-15] (w)				X
<input checked="" type="radio"/> +	8. Includes sufficient independent practice materials of appropriate difficulty for students to develop fluency. [NRP pg. 3-28] (w) and (ss)				X
<input type="radio"/> +	11. Builds toward a 120 word-per-minute fluency goal by the end of grade three. [NRP, pg. 3-4] (ss)				X
<input type="radio"/> +	12. Assesses fluency regularly. (ss)				X

Tally the number of elements with each rating.

$$\frac{\quad}{(2 \text{ pts})} \bullet + \frac{4}{(1.5 \text{ pts})} \circ + \frac{\quad}{(1 \text{ pts})} \circ + \frac{3}{(.5 \text{ pts})} \circ + \frac{1}{(0 \text{ pts})} \circ$$

Total Points/Total Possible Points

$$\frac{7.5}{16} = 47\%$$

Vocabulary

Rating	Criterion	Grade			
		K	1	2	3
<input type="radio"/>	1. Selects words that are highly useful for passage understanding and/or later learning. (w)				×
<input type="radio"/>	2. Explains meanings of words in everyday language (Beck, McKeown, & Kucan, 2002). (w)				×
<input type="radio"/>	3. Provides direct instruction of targeted concepts and vocabulary. (w)				×
<input type="radio"/>	4. Provides repeated and multiple exposures to critical vocabulary in a variety of contexts. (w) and (ss)				×
<input type="radio"/>	5. Integrates words into sentences and asks students to tell the meaning of the word in the sentence. (w)				×
<input type="radio"/>	6. Engages students in processing word meanings at a deeper level (e.g., associating new words with known words, creating context for new words). (w)				×
<input type="radio"/>	7. Reviews previously introduced words cumulatively. [NRP, p.4-4] (st)				×
<input type="radio"/>	8. Teaches strategies to use context to gain the meanings of an unfamiliar word. (Context includes the words surrounding the unfamiliar word that provide information to its meaning.) (w)				×
<input type="radio"/>	9. Teaches dictionary usage explicitly with grade-appropriate dictionaries that allow students to access and understand the meaning of an unknown word. (w)				×
<input type="radio"/>	10. Extends the understanding of concepts and vocabulary of the English language through: (1) learning and using antonyms and synonyms; (2) using individual words in compound words to predict meaning; (3) using prefixes and suffixes to assist in word meaning; and (4) learning simple multiple-meaning words. (w) and (ss)				×

Tally the number of elements with each rating.

(2 pts)
 (1.5 pts)
 (1 pts)
 (0.5 pts)
 (0 pts)

Comprehension

Rating	Criterion	Grade			
		K	1	2	3
<input type="radio"/>	1. Explicitly teaches critical comprehension strategies (e.g. main idea, literal, inferential, retell, prediction) b providing multiple examples. [NRP, pg. 4-126; pp. 4-100] (w)				×
<input type="radio"/>	2. Teaches background information or activates prior knowledge to increase a student’s understanding of what is read. [NRP, pg. 4-108] (w)				×
<input type="radio"/>	4. Uses text in which the main idea or comprehension unit is explicitly stated, clear, and in which the ideas follow a logical order. (w)				×
<input type="radio"/>	5. Provides guided practice in and systematic review of critical comprehension strategies. [NRP, pg. 4-126; pp. 4-100] (st)				×
<input type="radio"/>	6. Connects previously taught skills and strategies with new content and text. [NRP, pg. 4-107] (w) and (ss)				×
<input type="radio"/>	7. Models and guides the students through story structure (e.g., setting _____), thinking out loud as elements are being identified. [NRP, pg. 4-100] (w)				×
<input type="radio"/>	8. Uses story grammar structure as a tool for prompting information to compare and contrast, organize information, and group related ideas to maintain a consistent focus. [NRP, pg. 4-112] (w)				×
<input type="radio"/>	9. Teaches conventions of informational text (e.g. titles, chapter headings) to locate important information. (w) and (ss)				×
<input type="radio"/>	10. Teaches explicit strategy to interpret information from graphs, diagrams, and charts. (w) and (ss)				×

Tally the number of elements with each rating.

(2 pts)
 (1.5 pts)
 (1 pts)
 4 (.5 pts)
 5 (0 pts)