

### CLASSIFICATION OF PROGRAM

**Program Name:** Corrective Reading (levels b1 & b2)

**Date of Publication:** 2001

**Publisher:** SRA

The program targets instruction on the following essential components:

- Phonemic Awareness
- Phonics
- Fluency
- Vocabulary
- Comprehension

This program is being evaluated by the following:

- Multiple Grade:  
(One program rating will be assigned for each relevant item)
- Grade Specific:  
(A separate analysis will be completed for each grade)

The program targets instruction for the following grades:

- Kindergarten
- 1st Grade
- 2nd Grade
- 3rd Grade

Type of Program:

- Supplemental
- Intervention

	Kindergarten	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade
Phonemic Awareness				
Phonics			92%	99%
Fluency			84%	84%

### Phonics Decoding

Rating	Criterion	Grade			
		K	1	2	3
●	2. Sequences the introduction of letter sounds, letter combinations, and word parts in combinations, and word parts in ways that minimize confusion. (ss)			×	
●	4. Models instruction at each of the fundamental stages (e.g., letter-sound correspondences, letter combinations, prefixes, word endings, blendings, reading whole words). (w) and (ss)			×	
●	5. Introduces regular words for which students know all the letter sounds. (ss)			×	
●	6. Progresses systematically from simple word types (e.g., consonant-vowel-consonant) and word lengths (e.g., number of phonemes) and word complexity (e.g. phonemes in the word, position of blends, stop sounds) to more complex words. [NRP, pg. 2-132] (ss)			×	
⊙+	7. Incorporates spelling to reinforce word analysis. After students can read words, provides explicit instruction in spelling, showing students how to map the sounds of letters on to print. (w) and (ss)			×	
●	8. Provides teacher-guided practice in controlled word lists and connected text in which students can apply their newly learned skills successfully. (w)			×	
●	9. Begins instruction in word families, word patterns, and larger orthographic units after students have learned the letter-sound correspondence in the unit. [NRP, pg. 2-13] (ss)			×	
●	10. Teaches students to process larger, highly represented patterns to increase fluency in word recognition. (w)			×	
●	11. Teaches advanced phonic-analysis skills explicitly, first in isolation, then in words and connected text and utilizes other program materials (e.g., trade books, anthologies) when students are proficient. [NRP pg. 2-132] (w) and (ss)			×	
○	12. Teaches explicit strategy to read multi syllabic words by using prefixes, suffixes, and known word parts (w).			×	

### Phonics Irregular Words

Rating	Criterion	Grade			
		K	1	2	3
●	1. Select words that have high utility; that is, words that are used frequently in grade-appropriate literature and informational text. (ss)			×	
●	2. Controls the number of irregular words introduced at one time. (w)			×	

●	3. Separates highly similar words for initial instruction (e.g. was/saw). (ss)	×
●	4. Points out irregularities and provides a strategy for reading irregular words using letters or parts of the words. (w)	×
●	5. Pre teaches sight words and incorporates them into connected text. (w)	×
●	6. Provides ample practice and cumulative review of important high-frequency sight words. (st)	×

Tally the number of elements with each rating.

$$\frac{14}{(2 \text{ pts})} \bullet + \frac{1}{(1.5 \text{ pts})} \circ^+ + \frac{0}{(1 \text{ pts})} \circ + \frac{0}{(.5 \text{ pts})} \circ^+ + \frac{1}{(0 \text{ pts})} \circ$$

Total Points/Total Possible Points

$$\frac{29.5}{32} = 92\%$$

### Text Reading and Fluency

Rating	Criterion	Grade			
		K	1	2	3
○ <sup>+</sup>	1. Provides fluency practices at the word level. (w)			×	
●	3. Teaches explicit strategy to permit readers to move from reading words in lists to reading words in sentences and passages. (w)			×	
●	5. Passages contain regular words comprised of letter-sounds, phonic elements, and word types that have been taught. (w) and (ss)			×	
●	6. Passages contain high-frequency irregular words that have been previously taught. (w) and (ss)			×	
●	7. Introduces fluency practice (e.g., repeated reading) after students read words in passages accurately. [NRP, pg. 3-15] (w)			×	
○	8. Includes sufficient independent practice materials of appropriate difficulty for students to develop fluency. [NRP pg. 3-28] (w) and (ss)			×	
●	10. Builds toward a 90 word-per-minute fluency goal by the end of grade two. [NRP, pg. 3-4] (ss)			×	
●	12. Assesses fluency regularly. (ss)			×	

Tally the number of elements with each rating.

$$\frac{6}{(2 \text{ pts})} \text{ ● } \frac{1}{(1.5 \text{ pts})} \text{ ○}^+ \frac{1}{(1 \text{ pts})} \text{ ○ } \frac{1}{(.5 \text{ pts})} \text{ ○}^+ \frac{1}{(0 \text{ pts})} \text{ ○}$$

Total Points/Total Possible Points

$$\frac{13.5}{16} = 84\%$$

### Phonics Decoding

Rating	Criterion	Grade			
		K	1	2	3
●	2. Sequences the introduction of letter sounds, letter combinations, and word parts in combinations, and word parts in ways that minimize confusion. (ss)				×
●	4. Models instruction at each of the fundamental stages (e.g., letter-sound correspondences, letter combinations, prefixes, word endings, blendings, reading whole words). (w) and (ss)				×
●	5. Introduces regular words for which students know all the letter sounds. (ss)				×
●	6. Progresses systematically from simple word types (e.g., consonant-vowel-consonant) and word lengths (e.g., number of phonemes) and word complexity (e.g. phonemes in the word, position of blends, stop sounds) to more complex words. [NRP, pg. 2-132] (ss)				×
●	7. Incorporates spelling to reinforce word analysis. After students can read words, provides explicit instruction in spelling, showing students how to map the sounds of letters on to print. (w) and (ss)				×
●	8. Provides teacher-guided practice in controlled word lists and connected text in which students can apply their newly learned skills successfully. (w)				×
●	9. Begins instruction in word families, word patterns, and larger orthographic units after students have learned the letter-sound correspondence in the unit. [NRP, pg. 2-13] (ss)				×
●	10. Teaches students to process larger, highly represented patterns to increase fluency in word recognition. (w)				×
●	11. Teaches advanced phonic-analysis skills explicitly, first in isolation, then in words and connected text and utilizes other program materials (e.g., trade books, anthologies) when students are proficient. [NRP pg. 2-132] (w) and (ss)				×
●	12. Teaches explicit strategy to read multi syllabic words by using prefixes, suffixes, and known word parts (w).				×
●	13. Uses structural analysis judiciously to support word recognition strategies. (ss)				×

### Phonics Irregular Words

Rating	Criterion	Grade			
		K	1	2	3
●	1. Select words that have high utility; that is, words that are used frequently in grade-appropriate literature and informational text. (ss)				×

<input checked="" type="radio"/> +	2. Controls the number of irregular words introduced at one time. (w)	×
<input checked="" type="radio"/>	3. Separates highly similar words for initial instruction (e.g. was/saw). (ss)	×
<input checked="" type="radio"/>	4. Points out irregularities and provides a strategy for reading irregular words using letters or parts of the words. (w)	×
<input checked="" type="radio"/>	5. Pre teaches sight words and incorporates them into connected text. (w)	×
<input checked="" type="radio"/>	6. Provides ample practice and cumulative review of important high-frequency sight words. (st)	×

Tally the number of elements with each rating.

$$\frac{16}{(2 \text{ pts})} \bullet \quad \frac{1}{(1.5 \text{ pts})} \circ^+ \quad \frac{\quad}{(1 \text{ pts})} \circ \quad \frac{\quad}{(.5 \text{ pts})} \circ^+ \quad \frac{\quad}{(0 \text{ pts})} \circ$$

Total Points/Total Possible Points

$$\frac{33.5}{\quad} / \frac{34}{\quad} = \frac{99\%}{\quad}$$

### Text Reading and Fluency

Rating	Criterion	Grade			
		K	1	2	3
○ <sup>+</sup>	1. Provides fluency practices at the word level. (w)				×
●	3. Teaches explicit strategy to permit readers to move from reading words in lists to reading words in sentences and passages. (w)				×
●	5. Passages contain regular words comprised of letter-sounds, phonic elements, and word types that have been taught. (w) and (ss)				×
●	6. Passages contain high-frequency irregular words that have been previously taught. (w) and (ss)				×
●	7. Introduces fluency practice (e.g., repeated reading) after students read words in passages accurately. [NRP, pg. 3-15] (w)				×
○	8. Includes sufficient independent practice materials of appropriate difficulty for students to develop fluency. [NRP pg. 3-28] (w) and (ss)				×
●	11. Builds toward a 120 word-per-minute fluency goal by the end of grade three. [NRP, pg. 3-4] (ss)				×
●	12. Assesses fluency regularly. (ss)				×

Tally the number of elements with each rating.

$$\frac{6}{(2 \text{ pts})} \text{ ● } \frac{1}{(1.5 \text{ pts})} \text{ ○}^+ \frac{1}{(1 \text{ pts})} \text{ ○ } \frac{1}{(.5 \text{ pts})} \text{ ○}^+ \frac{1}{(0 \text{ pts})} \text{ ○}$$

Total Points/Total Possible Points

$$\frac{13.5}{16} = 84\%$$